

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# 1. Identification

Product identifier	Hercules Glug Bath - Liquid		
Other means of identification			
Product code	7303E		
Synonyms	Part Numbers: 20450, 20455		
Recommended use	Liquid Drain Cleaner		
Recommended restrictions	None known.		
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information			
Company Name	HCC Holdings, Inc. an Oatey Affiliate		
Address	4700 West 160th Street		
	Cleveland, OH 44135		
Telephone	216-267-7100		
E-mail	info@oatey.com		

E-mail	info@oatey.com
Transport Emergency	Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300 (Outside the US 1-703-527-3887)
Emergency First Aid	1-877-740-5015
Contact person	MSDS Coordinator

# 2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards	Not classified.	
Health hazards	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 1C
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 1
Environmental hazards	Not classified.	

### Label elements



Signal word	Danger
Hazard statement	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Precautionary statement	
Prevention	Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Response	IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Storage	Store locked up.
Disposal	Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Other hazards	None known.
Supplemental information	None.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS number	%
Water	7732-18-5	60-100

Potassium hydroxide	1310-58-3	1-5
Silicic acid, sodium salt	1344-09-8	1-5
Sodium hypochlorite	7681-52-9	1-5
Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	0.5-2

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

4.	<b>First-aid</b>	measures

Inhalation	Move to fresh air. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Get medical attention immediately.
Skin contact	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Chemical burns must be treated by a physician. For minor skin contact, avoid spreading material on unaffected skin. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash clothing separately before reuse.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.
Ingestion	Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth thoroughly. Never give anything by mouth to a victim who is unconscious or is having convulsions. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Burning pain and severe corrosive skin damage. Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Chemical burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Keep victim warm.
5. Fire-fighting measures	
Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
General fire hazards	No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

## 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.
	Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.
	Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.
7. Handling and storage	
Precautions for safe handling	Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Do not use in areas without adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash thoroughly after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store locked up. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. Store away from incompatible materials (see

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Occupational exposure limits**

### **US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values**

Components	Туре	Value	
Potassium hydroxide (CAS 1310-58-3)	Ceiling	2 mg/m3	
Sodium hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2)	Ceiling	2 mg/m3	

### Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2)

Section 10 of the SDS).

Components	Туре	Value	
Potassium hydroxide (CAS 1310-58-3)	Ceiling	2 mg/m3	
Sodium hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2)	Ceiling	2 mg/m3	

# Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)

Components	Туре	Value
Potassium hydroxide (CAS 1310-58-3)	Ceiling	2 mg/m3
Sodium hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2)	Ceiling	2 mg/m3

### Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act)

Components	Туре	Value	
Potassium hydroxide (CAS 1310-58-3)	Ceiling	2 mg/m3	
Sodium hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2)	Ceiling	2 mg/m3	

### Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents)

Components	Туре	Value
Potassium hydroxide (CAS 1310-58-3)	Ceiling	2 mg/m3
Sodium hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2)	Ceiling	2 mg/m3

### Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment)

Components	Туре	Value
Potassium hydroxide (CAS 1310-58-3)	Ceiling	2 mg/m3

Components	Туре	Value	
Sodium hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2)	Ceiling	2 mg/m3	
Canada. Saskatchewan OE	Ls (Occupational Health and Safety F	Regulations, 1996, Table 21)	
Components	Туре	Value	
Potassium hydroxide (CAS 1310-58-3)	Ceiling	2 mg/m3	
Sodium hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2)	Ceiling	2 mg/m3	
iological limit values	No biological exposure limits noted for	or the ingredient(s).	
ppropriate engineering ontrols	Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Ensu adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower mube available when handling this product.		
•	, such as personal protective equipm		
Eye/face protection	Wear safety glasses with side shield	s (or goggles) and a face shield.	
Skin protection Hand protection	Wear appropriate chemical resistant supplier.	gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove	
Other	Wear appropriate chemical resistant	clothing.	
Respiratory protection	In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.		
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.		
eneral hygiene onsiderations	When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.		

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

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Appearance		
Physical state	Liquid.	
Form	Liquid.	
Color	Clear.	
Odor	Chlorine.	
Odor threshold	Not available.	
рН	12.4	
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.	
Initial boiling point and boiling range	212 °F (100 °C)	
Flash point	> 212.0 °F (> 100.0 °C)	
Evaporation rate	Not available.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.	
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits		
Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not available.	
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not available.	
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.	
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.	
Vapor pressure	Not available.	
Vapor density	Not available.	
Relative density	1.125	

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## 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	Reacts violently with strong acids. This product may react with oxidizing agents.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions to avoid	Contact with incompatible materials. Do not mix with other chemicals.
Incompatible materials	Acids. Oxidizing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

# 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	May cause irritation to the respiratory system. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
Skin contact	Causes severe skin burns.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage.
Ingestion	Causes digestive tract burns.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Burning pain and severe corrosive skin damage. Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result.

### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	Causes burns.	
Components	Species	Test Results
Potassium hydroxide (CAS	1310-58-3)	
Acute		
Oral		
LD50	Rat	273 mg/kg
Silicic acid, sodium salt (CA	AS 1344-09-8)	
Acute		
Oral		
LD50	Mouse	1100 mg/kg
	Rat	1.1 g/kg
Sodium hypochlorite (CAS	7681-52-9)	
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 20000 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	> 10.5 mg/l, 1 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	8.91 g/kg

\* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye damage.	
Respiratory or skin sensitizatior	ı	
Canada - Alberta OELs: Irrit	ant	
Potassium hydroxide (CA Sodium hydroxide (CAS		Irritant Irritant
<b>Respiratory sensitization</b>	Not a respiratory sensitizer.	
Skin sensitization	This product is not expected to	o cause skin sensitization.
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.	
Carcinogenicity	This product is not considered	to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.
IARC Monographs. Overall I	Evaluation of Carcinogenicity	
Sodium hypochlorite (CA	S 7681-52-9)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.
Reproductive toxicity	This product is not expected to	o cause reproductive or developmental effects.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Not classified.	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Not classified.	
Aspiration hazard	Not an aspiration hazard.	
Chronic effects	Prolonged inhalation may be h	armful.

# 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Components		Species	Test Results
Potassium hydroxide	(CAS 1310-58-3)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Western mosquitofish (Gambusia affinis)	80 mg/l, 96 Hours
Silicic acid, sodium sa	alt (CAS 1344-09-8)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Ceriodaphnia dubia)	0.28 - 0.57 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Western mosquitofish (Gambusia affinis)	1800 mg/l, 96 hours
Sodium hypochlorite (	CAS 7681-52-9)		
Aquatic			
Algae	LC50	Green algae (Dunaliella primolecta)	0.4 mg/l
		Red algae (Porphyra yezoensis)	2.3 mg/l, 10 days

\* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability	No data is available on the degradability of this product.
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available.
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Other adverse effects	No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

### 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

### 14. Transport information

TDG		
UN number	UN3266	
UN proper shipping name	CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (Sodium hypochlorite, Potassium hydroxide)	
Transport hazard class(es)		
Class	8	
Subsidiary risk	•	
Packing group	II	
Environmental hazards	D	
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.	
IATA		
UN number	UN3266	
UN proper shipping name	Corrosive liquid, basic, inorganic, n.o.s. (Sodium hypochlorite, Potassium hydroxide)	
Transport hazard class(es)		
Class	8	
Subsidiary risk		
Packing group	II	
Environmental hazards	No.	
ERG Code	8L	
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.	
IMDG		
UN number	UN3266	
UN proper shipping name	CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (Sodium hypochlorite, Potassium hydroxide)	
Transport hazard class(es)		
Class	8	
Subsidiary risk	-	
Packing group	II	
Environmental hazards		
Marine pollutant	No.	
EmS	F-A, S-B	
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.	
Transport in bulk according to	Not established.	
Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and		
the IBC Code		

### 15. Regulatory information

**Canadian regulations** 

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the HPR and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.

### **Controlled Drugs and Substances Act** Not regulated. Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3) Not listed. **Greenhouse Gases** Not listed. **Precursor Control Regulations** Not regulated. International regulations **Stockholm Convention** Not applicable. **Rotterdam Convention** Not applicable. Kyoto protocol Not applicable. **Montreal Protocol** Not applicable.

### **Basel Convention**

Sodium hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2)

### International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

\*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s). A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

### **16. Other information**

Issue date Revision date	21-June-2016 -
Version #	01
References	ACGIH EPA: AQUIRE database NLM: Hazardous Substances Data Base US. IARC Monographs on Occupational Exposures to Chemical Agents
Disclaimer	HCC Holdings Inc. an Oatey Affiliate cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.