# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

S00210

# Section 1. Identification

| Product name                                 | : LU™210 Food Grade Silicone Lubricant Aerosol   |
|--|--|
| Product code                                 | : S00210   |
| Other means of identification                | : Not available.                                 |
| Product type                                 | : Aerosol.                                       |
| Relevant identified uses of t                | he substance or mixture and uses advised against |
| Not applicable.                              |  |
|  |  |
| Manufacturer                                 | : Sprayon Products<br>Cleveland, OH 44115        |
| Emergency telephone<br>number of the company | : (216) 566-2917                                 |
| Product Information<br>Telephone Number      | : (800)247-3266                                  |
| Regulatory Information<br>Telephone Number   | : (216)566-2902                                  |
| Transportation Emergency                     | : (800)424-9300                                  |

# Section 2. Hazards identification

**Telephone Number** 

| OSHA/HCS status                            | : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).   |
|--|---|
| Classification of the substance or mixture | : FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1<br>GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas<br>SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2<br>SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B<br>TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2<br>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract<br>irritation and Narcotic effects) - Category 3<br>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2<br>ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
|  | Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 54.9%  |
| GHS label elements                         |   |
| Hazard pictograms                          |   |
| Signal word                                | : Danger  |

| Hazard statements | : Extremely flammable aerosol.                                     |
|-------------------|--|
|                   | Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.                |
|                   | Causes skin and eye irritation.                                    |
|                   | Suspected of damaging fertility.                                   |
|                   | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.                      |
|                   | May cause respiratory irritation.                                  |
|                   | May cause drowsiness and dizziness.                                |
|                   | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
|                   |  |
|                   |  |

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|---|------------------------|---------------------------|------------|------|
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# Section 2. Hazards identification

| Precautionary statements         |  |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Prevention                       | : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have<br>been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear<br>protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces,<br>sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Pressurized container: Do<br>not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition<br>source. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe dust or mist.<br>Wash hands thoroughly after handling.  |
| Response                         | : Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention. |
| Storage                          | : Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Store in a well-ventilated place.  |
| Disposal                         | Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.  |
| Supplemental label<br>elements   | DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which<br>can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by<br>deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING:<br>This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and<br>birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY.   |
|                                  | Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep upright in a cool, dry place. Do not discard empty can in trash compactor.  |
| Hazards not otherwise classified | : None known.  |

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Substance/mixture | : Mixture        |
|-------------------|------------------|
| Other means of    | : Not available. |
| identification    |                  |

#### **CAS number/other identifiers**

| Ingredient name        | % by weight | CAS number |  |
|------------------------|-------------|------------|--|
| Hexane                 | 42.0        | 110-54-3   |  |
| 2-Methylpentane        | 19.4        | 107-83-5   |  |
| Propane                | 15.0        | 74-98-6    |  |
| 3-Methylpentane        | 7.2         | 96-14-0    |  |
| 2,3-Dimethylbutane     | 6.1         | 79-29-8    |  |
| Poly(dimethylsiloxane) | 5.0         | 63148-62-9 |  |
| Cyclohexane            | 2.4         | 110-82-7   |  |
| 2,2-Dimethylbutane     | 2.2         | 75-83-2    |  |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# Section 4. First aid measures

| Description of necessa | ary first aid measures   |
|------------------------|--|
| Eye contact            | <ul> <li>Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower<br/>eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10<br/>minutes. Get medical attention.</li> </ul>  |
| Inhalation             | : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.  |
| Skin contact           | : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.   |
| Ingestion              | : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

|                                |            | -   |
|--------------------------------|------------|---|
| Potential acute health effect  | <u>cts</u> |   |
| Eye contact                    | 1          | Causes serious eye irritation.  |
| Inhalation                     | -          | Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.  |
| Skin contact                   | :          | Causes skin irritation.   |
| Ingestion                      | :          | Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.   |
| Over-exposure signs/symp       | oton       | <u>15</u>   |
| Eye contact                    | :          | Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>pain or irritation<br>watering<br>redness  |
| Inhalation                     | :          | Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>respiratory tract irritation<br>coughing<br>nausea or vomiting<br>headache<br>drowsiness/fatigue<br>dizziness/vertigo<br>unconsciousness<br>reduced fetal weight<br>increase in fetal deaths<br>skeletal malformations |
| Skin contact                   | :          | Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>irritation<br>redness<br>reduced fetal weight<br>increase in fetal deaths<br>skeletal malformations  |
| Date of issue/Date of revision |            | : 3/13/2015. Date of previous issue : No previous validation. Version : 1 3/14  |

# Section 4. First aid measures

| Ingestion                   | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>nausea or vomiting<br>reduced fetal weight<br>increase in fetal deaths<br>skeletal malformations  |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Indication of immediate med | dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary   |
| Notes to physician          | <ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large<br/>quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>  |
| Specific treatments         | : No specific treatment.   |
| Protection of first-aiders  | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. |

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

| Section 5. Fire-fighting measures                      |   |  |
|--|---|--|
| Extinguishing media<br>Suitable extinguishing<br>media | : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.   |  |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media                         | : None known.   |  |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical             | : Extremely flammable aerosol. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. |  |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products               | : Decomposition products may include the following materials:<br>carbon dioxide<br>carbon monoxide  |  |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters           | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.  |  |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters         | : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.   |  |

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

| Personal precautions, pro      | tective equipment and emergency procedures   |
|--------------------------------|--|
| For non-emergency<br>personnel | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.<br>Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from<br>entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid<br>escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are<br>ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up<br>section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No<br>flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide<br>adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put<br>on appropriate personal protective equipment. |

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|--------------------------------|--------------|------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|------|
|--------------------------------|--------------|------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|------|

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

| For emergency responders     | :    | If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".  |
|------------------------------|------|--|
| Environmental precautions    | :    | Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains<br>and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental<br>pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to<br>the environment if released in large quantities.  |
| Methods and materials for co | onta | ainment and cleaning up  |
| Small spill                  | :    | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.   |
| Large spill                  | :    | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. |

## Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

| Protective measures  | : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. |
|--|---|
| Advice on general occupational hygiene                             | : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.   |
| Conditions for safe storage,<br>including any<br>incompatibilities | : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.  |

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

<u>Control parameters</u> <u>Occupational exposure limits</u>

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| Ingredient name    | Exposure limits                          |
|--------------------|--|
| Hexane             | ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).       |
|                    | Absorbed through skin.                   |
|                    | TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.                     |
|                    | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).      |
|                    | TWA: 50 ppm 10 hours.                    |
|                    | TWA: 180 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.     |
|                    | OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).        |
|                    | TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.                    |
|                    | TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.     |
| 2-Methylpentane    | ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).       |
|                    | TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.                    |
|                    | TWA: 1760 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.     |
|                    | STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.               |
|                    | STEL: 3500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. |
|                    | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).      |
|                    | TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.                   |
|                    | TWA: 350 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.     |
|                    | CEIL: 510 ppm 15 minutes.                |
|                    | CEIL: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. |
| Propane            | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).      |
|                    | TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours.                  |
|                    | TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.    |
|                    | OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).        |
|                    | TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.                   |
|                    | TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.     |
| 3-Methylpentane    | ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).       |
|                    | TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.                    |
|                    | TWA: 1760 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.     |
|                    | STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.               |
|                    | STEL: 3500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. |
|                    | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).      |
|                    | TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.                   |
|                    | TWA: 350 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.     |
|                    | CEIL: 510 ppm 15 minutes.                |
|                    | CEIL: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. |
| 2,3-Dimethylbutane | ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).       |
|                    | TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.                    |
|                    | TWA: 1760 mg/m³ 8 hours.                 |
|                    | STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.               |
|                    | STEL: 3500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. |
|                    | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).      |
|                    | TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.                   |
|                    | TWA: 350 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.     |
|                    | CEIL: 510 ppm 15 minutes.                |
|                    | CEIL: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. |
| Cyclohexane        | ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).       |
| - ,                | TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.                    |
|                    | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).      |
|                    | TWA: 300 ppm 10 hours.                   |
|                    | TWA: 1050 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.    |
|                    | OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).        |
|                    | TWA: 300 ppm 8 hours.                    |
|                    | TWA: 300 ppm o hours.                    |
| 2,2-Dimethylbutane | ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).       |
|                    | TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.                    |
|                    | TWA: 300 ppm 0 hours.                    |
|                    | STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.               |
|                    | STEL: 3500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. |
|                    |  |

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).      |
|--|
| TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.                   |
| TWA: 350 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.     |
| CEIL: 510 ppm 15 minutes.                |
| CEIL: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. |

| Appropriate engineering controls | : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.  |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Environmental exposure controls  | : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure<br>they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some<br>cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment<br>will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.  |
| Individual protection measure    | <u>ures</u>  |
| Hygiene measures                 | : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before<br>eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.<br>Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing.<br>Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety<br>showers are close to the workstation location.  |
| Eye/face protection              | : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.   |
| Skin protection                  |  |
| Hand protection                  | : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be<br>worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is<br>necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check<br>during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be<br>noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different<br>glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the<br>protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. |
| Body protection                  | : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.  |
| Other skin protection            | : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.  |
| Respiratory protection           | : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.  |

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 3/13/2015. Date of previous issue | : No previous validation. | Version : 1 | 7/14 |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|------|
| рН                             | : Not available.                    |                           |             |      |
| Odor threshold                 | : Not available.                    |                           |             |      |
| Odor                           | : Not available.                    |                           |             |      |
| Color                          | : Not available.                    |                           |             |      |
| Physical state                 | : Liquid.                           |                           |             |      |
| Appearance                     |                                     |                           |             |      |

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| • •  |  |
|--|--|
| Not available.   |  |
| Not available.   |  |
| Closed cup: -29°C (-20.2°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]  |  |
| 9.1 (butyl acetate = 1)  |  |
| Not available.   |  |
| Lower: 1%<br>Upper: 9.5%   |  |
| : 13.5 kPa (101.325 mm Hg) [at 20°C]   |  |
| 1.55 [Air = 1]   |  |
| . 0.65   |  |
| Not available.   |  |
| : Kinematic (room temperature): <0.07 cm²/s (<7 cSt)<br>Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <0.07 cm²/s (<7 cSt) |  |
|  |  |
| : Spray  |  |
| 0.00004216 kJ/g  |  |
|  | <ul> <li>13.5 kPa (101.325 mm Hg) [at 20°C]</li> <li>1.55 [Air = 1]</li> <li>0.65</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Kinematic (room temperature): &lt;0.07 cm²/s (&lt;7 cSt)</li> </ul> |

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity                         | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.           |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Chemical stability                 | : The product is stable.   |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.                      |
| Conditions to avoid                | : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).   |
| Incompatible materials             | : No specific data.  |
| Hazardous decomposition products   | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result               | Species | Dose        | Exposure |
|-------------------------|----------------------|---------|-------------|----------|
| Hexane                  | LC50 Inhalation Gas. |         | 48000 ppm   | 4 hours  |
|                         | LD50 Oral            | Rat     | 15840 mg/kg | -        |
| Cyclohexane             | LD50 Oral            | Rat     | 6240 mg/kg  | -        |

Irritation/Corrosion

# Section 11. Toxicological information

| Product/ingredient name | Result                   | Species | Score | Exposure                  | Observation |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|---------------------------|-------------|
| Hexane                  | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 10 milligrams             | -           |
| Poly(dimethylsiloxane)  | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 1 hours 100<br>milligrams | -           |
|                         | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 100 microliters  | -           |
|                         | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 100 microliters  | -           |
|                         | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500 microliters  | -           |

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name               | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs   |
|--------------------|------------|-------------------|---|
| Hexane             | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract<br>irritation and<br>Narcotic effects |
| 2-Methylpentane    | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract<br>irritation and<br>Narcotic effects |
| Propane            | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract<br>irritation and<br>Narcotic effects |
| 3-Methylpentane    | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract<br>irritation and<br>Narcotic effects |
| 2,3-Dimethylbutane | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract<br>irritation and<br>Narcotic effects |
| Cyclohexane        | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract<br>irritation and<br>Narcotic effects |
| 2,2-Dimethylbutane | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract<br>irritation and<br>Narcotic effects |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

# Section 11. Toxicological information

| Name                              | Category                 | Route of exposure                | Target organs                    |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Hexane                            | Category 2               | Not determined                   | Not determined                   |
| 2-Methylpentane                   | Category 2               | Not determined                   | Not determined                   |
| Propane                           | Category 2               | Not determined                   | Not determined                   |
| 3-Methylpentane                   | Category 2               | Not determined                   | Not determined                   |
| 2,3-Dimethylbutane                | Category 2               | Not determined                   | Not determined                   |
| Cyclohexane<br>2,2-Dimethylbutane | Category 2<br>Category 2 | Not determined<br>Not determined | Not determined<br>Not determined |

#### **Aspiration hazard**

| Name               | Result                         |
|--------------------|--------------------------------|
| Hexane             | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| 2-Methylpentane    | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Propane            | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| 3-Methylpentane    | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| 2,3-Dimethylbutane | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Cyclohexane        | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| 2,2-Dimethylbutane | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

| Information on the likely routes of exposure | :          | Not available.  |
|--|------------|---|
| Potential acute health effe                  | <u>cts</u> |   |
| Eye contact                                  | 1          | Causes serious eye irritation.  |
| Inhalation                                   | :          | Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.  |
| Skin contact                                 | 1          | Causes skin irritation.   |
| Ingestion                                    | :          | Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.   |
| Symptoms related to the p                    | ohy        | sical, chemical and toxicological characteristics   |
| Eye contact                                  | -          | Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>pain or irritation<br>watering<br>redness  |
| Inhalation                                   | :          | Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>respiratory tract irritation<br>coughing<br>nausea or vomiting<br>headache<br>drowsiness/fatigue<br>dizziness/vertigo<br>unconsciousness<br>reduced fetal weight<br>increase in fetal deaths<br>skeletal malformations |
| Skin contact                                 | :          | Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>irritation<br>redness<br>reduced fetal weight<br>increase in fetal deaths<br>skeletal malformations  |

| Ina | esti | ion |
|-----|------|-----|
|     | 000  |     |

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

| Delayed and immediate eff      | d also chronic effects from short and      | long term exposure         |
|--------------------------------|--|----------------------------|
| <u>Short term exposure</u>     |  |                            |
| Potential immediate<br>effects | available.                                 |                            |
| Potential delayed effects      | available.                                 |                            |
| Long term exposure             |  |                            |
| Potential immediate<br>effects | available.                                 |                            |
| Potential delayed effects      | available.                                 |                            |
| Potential chronic health ef    |  |                            |
| Not available.                 |  |                            |
| General                        | cause damage to organs through prolo       | nged or repeated exposure. |
| Carcinogenicity                | nown significant effects or critical hazar | ds.                        |
| Mutagenicity                   | nown significant effects or critical hazar | ds.                        |
| Teratogenicity                 | nown significant effects or critical hazar | ds.                        |
| Developmental effects          | nown significant effects or critical hazar | ds.                        |
| Fertility effects              | pected of damaging fertility.              |                            |

Numerical measures of toxicity Acute toxicity estimates Not available.

## Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name | Result  | Species  | Exposure             |
|-------------------------|---|--|----------------------|
| Hexane                  | Acute LC50 2500 µg/l Fresh water                                    | Fish - Pimephales promelas                                     | 96 hours             |
| Poly(dimethylsiloxane)  | Acute LC50 44.5 ppm Fresh water<br>Acute LC50 3160 µg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Instar<br>Fish - Ictalurus punctatus | 48 hours<br>96 hours |
| Cyclohexane             | Acute LC50 4530 µg/l Fresh water                                    | Fish - Pimephales promelas                                     | 96 hours             |

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

| Product/ingredient name LogPow |   | BCF     | Potential |  |
|--------------------------------|---|---------|-----------|--|
| Hexane                         | - | 501.187 | high      |  |
| Cyclohexane                    |   | 167     | Iow       |  |

#### Mobility in soil

| Soil/water  | partition          |
|-------------|--------------------|
| coefficient | (K <sub>oc</sub> ) |

: Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 3/13/2015. Date of

## Section 12. Ecological information

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

- **Disposal methods**
- The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

### Section 14. Transport information

|                               | DOT<br>Classification                                      | TDG<br>Classification                                      | Mexico<br>Classification                         | ΙΑΤΑ  | IMDG   |
|-------------------------------|--|--|--|---|--|
| UN number                     | UN1950   | UN1950   | UN1950   | UN1950  | UN1950   |
| UN proper<br>shipping name    | AEROSOLS   | AEROSOLS   | AEROSOLS   | AEROSOLS, flammable                                 | AEROSOLS   |
| Transport<br>hazard class(es) | 2.1  | 2.1  | 2.1  | 2.1   | 2.1  |
| Packing group                 | -  | -  | -  | -   | -  |
| Environmental<br>hazards      | No.  | No.  | No.  | No.   | No.  |
| Additional<br>information     | <u>Special</u><br><u>provisions</u><br>LIMITED<br>QUANTITY | <u>Special</u><br><u>provisions</u><br>LIMITED<br>QUANTITY | <u>Special</u><br><u>provisions</u><br>(ERG#126) | <u>Special</u><br>provisions<br>LIMITED<br>QUANTITY | Emergency<br>schedules (EmS)<br>LIMITED<br>QUANTITY, F-D,<br>S-U |

Special precautions for user : Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

| Date of issue/Date of revision | 3/13/2015. | Date of previous issue | : No previous validation. | Version | :1 | 12/14 |
|--------------------------------|------------|------------------------|---------------------------|---------|----|-------|
|--------------------------------|------------|------------------------|---------------------------|---------|----|-------|

### Section 15. Regulatory information

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#### U.S. Federal regulations

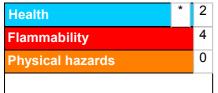
#### State regulations

#### California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

### Section 16. Other information

#### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

#### Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.

Date of issue/Date of revision