SECTION 1 IDENTITY OF MATERIAL
Trade Name: OATEY #5 PASTE FLUX

Product Numbers: 30011, 30012, 30013, 30014, 30041, 53017

Formula: N/A

Synonyms: Flux for Copper Pipe

Firm Name & OATEY CO. 4700 West 160th Street P.O. Box 35906 Cleveland,

Mailing Address: Ohio 44135, U.S.A. http://www.oatey.com

Oatey Phone Number: (216) 267-7100

Emergency Phone For Emergency First Aid call 1-303-623-5716 COLLECT. For Numbers: chemical transportation emergencies ONLY, call Chemtrec at

1-800-424-9300

### SECTION 2 COMPOSITION

INGREDIENTS:	%: (	CAS NUMBER:	ACGIH TLV TWA:	OSHA PEL TWA:
Petrolatum	65 - 77%	8009-03-8	5 mg/m3	5 mg/m3
			(oil mist)	(oil mist)
Zinc Chloride	20 - 25%	7646-85-7	1 mg/m3(fume)	1 mg/m3(fume)
			2 mg/m3 STEL	
Ammonium Chloride	1 - 5%	12125-02-9	10 mg/m3 (fume	) None
			20 mg/m3 STEL	Established

# SECTION 3 EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Yellow paste with a slight odor. Toxic. May cause burns to the eye and skin. Inhalation of fumes may cause respiratory irritation, metal fume fever, chills, nausea and vomiting. Swallowing may cause burns to the mouth or throat, vomiting, diarrhea and kidney or liver disorders. May be fatal. Symptoms may be delayed. NFPA Hazard Signal: Health: 3 Stability: 1 Flammability: 0 Special: None HMIS Hazard Signal: Health: 3\* Stability: 1 Flammability: 0 Special: None

OSHA Hazard Classification: toxic, target organ effects

Canadian WHIMS Classification: Class E

SECTION 4 EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES - CALL 1-303-623-5716 COLLECT

Skin: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water. Call

a physician or poison control center if irritation persists.

Eyes: Remove contact lenses if any. Rinse eyes with water for 15 minutes. Get

immediate medical attention.

Inhalation: Move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not

breathing, give artificial respiration. Keep victim quiet and warm. Call

a poison control center or physician immediately.

Ingestion: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Rinse mouth with water. Never give anything

by mouth to a person who is unconscious or drowsy. Get immediate medical attention by calling a Poison Control Center, or hospital emergency room. If medical advice cannot be obtained, then take the person and product to the nearest medical emergency treatment center

or hospital.

#### SECTION 5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flashpoint / Method: 540 F / 282 C Flammability: LEL = N/A, UEL = N/A

Extinguishing Small Fires: Use dry chemical, CO2, water, or foam extinguisher Media: Large Fires: Evacuate area and call Fire Department immediately

Special Fire Firefighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing for fires in

Procedure: areas where chemicals are used or stored

Unusual Fire and None known.

Explosion Hazards:

Hazardous Hydrocarbons, hydrogen chloride, zinc fumes, tin fumes, copper Decomposition fumes, ammonia, smoke, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and

Products: nitrogen oxides.

#### SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spill or Ventilate area. Stop leak if it can be done without risk. Personnel Leak cleaning up the spill should wear appropriate personal protective Procedures: equipment. Take up spill with sand, earth or other absorbent material

and place into a clean, dry leak-proof container.

#### SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Do not get in eyes. Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not take internally. Avoid breathing vapors or fumes. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep container closed when

not in use. Handle with care. Keep out of reach of children.

Storage: Store in original, labeled container.

Other: Containers, even empty will retain residue and may be harmful.

## SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ventilation: Good general ventilation (equivalent to outdoors) should be adequate

for normal use. For operations where the TLV may be exceeded,

mechanical ventilation such as local exhaust may be needed to maintain

exposure levels below applicable limits.

Respiratory For operations where the TLV may be exceeded, a NIOSH/MSHA approved

Protection: particulate respirator or supplied air respirator is recommended.

Equipment selection depends on contaminant type and concentration,
select in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.134 and good industrial hygiene

practice. For firefighting, use self-contained breathing apparatus.

Skin Wear rubber gloves.

Protection:

Eye Safety glasses with sideshields or safety goggles.

Protection:

Other: Eye wash and safety shower should be available.

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Boiling Point: 638 Degrees F / 337 C

Melting Point: N/A Vapor Pressure: N/A

Vapor Density: (Air = 1) Greater than 1

Volatile Components: 7-10% Solubility In Water: Negligible

pH: N/A
Specific Gravity: 1.1
Evaporation Rate: N/A

Appearance: Yellow Paste
Odor: Very little odor
Will Dissolve In: Methylene Chloride

Material Is: Paste

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable. Conditions To Avoid: None.

Hazardous Hydrocarbons, hydrogen chloride, zinc fumes, tin fumes, copper Decomposition fumes, ammonia, smoke, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and

Products: nitrogen oxides.

Incompatibility/ Strong oxidizing agents, potassium, cyanides and sulfides.

Materials To Avoid:

Hazardous Will not occur.

Polymerization:

### SECTION 11 DISPOSAL INFORMATION

Waste Disposal: Dispose of in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations.

It is the responsibility of the end-user to determine at the time of

disposal of the product.

Latest Revision Date: 7/22/02

SECTION 12 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Inhalation: Fumes from heated product may be corrosive to mucous membranes and

the respiratory system. Fumes may cause burning sensation,

coughing, wheezing, shortness of breath, cyanosis, fever, chills, muscular pain, anemia, metallic taste in the mouth, headache, nausea, vomiting, sweating, diarrhea and pulmonary edema. Fumes

may cause stannosis, a mild benign pneumoconiosis. Repeated

inhalation of fumes may cause occupational asthma. Symptoms may be

delayed.

Skin: Contact may cause irritation, ulcerations, burns or dermatitis.

Symptoms may be delayed.

Eye: Vapors or fumes may cause redness, pain, blurred vision and

corneal damage. Direct contact may cause burns and eye damage with

possible blindness. Symptoms may be delayed.

Ingestion: May cause irritation or burns to the mouth and throat, nausea,

vomiting or diarrhea. Death may occur from strictures of the

esophagus and pylorus. Symptoms may be delayed.

Toxicity Data: Petrolatum: No data available

Zinc Chloride: Oral rat LD50: 350 mg/kg

Ammonium Chloride: Oral rat LD50: 1,650 mg/kg

Sensitization: None of the components are known to cause sensitization.

Carcinogenicity: None of the components are listed as a carcinogen or suspect

carcinogen by NTP, IARC or OSHA.

Mutagenicity: None of the components have been found to be mutagenic.

Reproductive None of the components are known to cause adverse reproductive

Toxicity: effects.

Medical Persons with pre-existing skin, lung, kidney or liver disorders

Conditions may be at increased risk from exposure to this product.

Aggravated By Exposure:

### SECTION 13 TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

DOT

Proper Shipping Name: Zinc Chloride Mixture

Hazard Class/Packing Group: 8, PG III UN/NA Number: UN1840

Hazard Labels: Non-Corrosive

IMDG

Proper Shipping Name: Zinc Chloride Mixture

Hazard Class/Packing Group: 8, PG III UN Number: UN1840

Label: Non-Corrosive

RCRA Hazardous Waste Number: None EPA Hazardous Waste ID Number: None

EPA Hazard Waste Class: None

SECTION 14 REGULATIONS

Hazard Category for Section Acute Health, Chronic Health

311/312:

Section 302 Extremely This product does not contain chemicals regulated

Hazardous Substances (TPO): under SARA Section 302.

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals: This product contains the following chemicals

subject to SARA Title III Section 313 Reporting

requirements:

CERCLA 103 Reportable Spills of this product over the RQ (reportable Quantity: quantity) must be reported to the National Resp

quantity) must be reported to the National Response Center. The RQ for the product, based on the RQ for Zinc Chloride (25% maximum) of 1,000 lbs, is 4,000

lbs. Many states have more stringent release

reporting requirements. Report spills required under

federal, state and local regulations.

California Proposition 65: This product does not contain chemicals regulated

under California Proposition 65.

TSCA Inventory: All of the components of this product are listed on

the TSCA inventory.

### SECTION 15 DISCLAIMER

The information herein has been compiled from sources believed to be reliable, upto-date, and is accurate to the best of our knowledge. However, Oatey cannot give any guarantees regarding information from other sources, and expressly does not make warranties, nor assumes any liability for its use.